GEBRUIKSAANWYSINGS INGESLUIT

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2:21/8/2013-Oct2014

SLASH PLUS 540 SL

Reg. No. L 8819 Act/Wet No. 36 of/van 1947

A soluble concentrate, non-selective, systemic post-emergence herbicide with slight or no soil activity for the control of weeds in agriculture.

'n Oplosbare konsentraat nie-selektiewe, sistemiese na-opkoms onkruiddoder met min of geen grondaktiwiteit vir die beheer van onkruide in landbou.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT / AKTIEWE RESTANDOFFI

glyphosate (glycine) **540 g ae**/¢ glifosaat (glisien) (glyphosate potassium salt) 665 g/¢ (glifosaat kaliumsout)

HRAC HERBICIDE GROUP CODE **G9** HRAC ONKRUIDDODER GROEPKODE



Registration holder / Registrasiehouer: Universal Crop Protection (Pty) Ltd. Co. Reg. No. / Mpy. Reg. Nr. 1983/008184/07 PO Box / Posbus 801, Kempton Park, 1620 Tel. (011) 396-2233 Website / Webblad: www.villacrop.co.za

UN Number: 3082 Willow Set & Print 011 394-4486

SLASH PLUS 540 SL

Reg. No. L 8819 Act/Wet No. 36 of/van 1947 HRAC HERBICIDE GROUP CODE / HRAC ONKRUIDDODER GROEP KODE: G9

ACTIVE INGREDIENT / AKTIEWE BESTANDDEEL:

Registration holder / Registrasiehouer: **UNIVERSAL CROP PROTECTION (PTY) LTD.**Co. Reg. No. 1983/008184/07 Mpy. Reg. Nr.
P.O. Box / Posbus 801, KEMPTON PARK, 1620
Tel. (011) 396 2233

CAUTION / VERSIGTIG

WARNINGS

Withholding periods:

Allow the following number of days between the last application and harvest or grazing:			
Maize (Grazing)	28 days		
Maize (Green mealies)	42 days		

- Handle product with caution.
- Irritating to eyes and skin.
- Harmful when swallowed.
- Do not mix, store or apply SLASH PLUS 540 SL solutions in galvanised steel or unlined steel (except stainless steel) containers or spray tanks, as a reaction will cause hydrogen gas to form, which is highly combustible.
- Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place.
- Store away from food, feeds, seed, fertilizers and other agricultural chemicals.
- Keep out of reach of children, uninformed persons and animals.
- Re-entry: Do not enter treated area until spray deposit has dried unless wearing protective clothing.
- SLASH PLUS 540 SL is a highly active herbicide, which in small quantities, when used incorrectly can cause serious damage to crop seedlings, deciduous fruit trees and grape vines during the budding and early season growth stages. Under the following conditions it can cause serious damage as far as 3 to 5 km from the area under treatment: Cloudy weather with relative humidity above 80 % and low air movement of less than 5 km per hour. When such conditions prevail, SLASH PLUS 540 SL must not be applied where sensitive crop seedlings, deciduous fruit trees and grape vines in budding or early development stages are present within 5 km from the area under treatment.

Although this remedy has been extensively tested under a large variety of conditions, the registration holder does not warrant that it will be efficacious under all conditions, because the action and effect thereof may be affected by factors such as abnormal soil, climatic and storage conditions, quality of dilution water, compatibility with other substances not indicated on the label and the occurrence of resistance of the weeds to the remedy concerned, as well as by the method, time and accuracy of application. The registration holder further does not accept responsibility for damage to crops, vegetation, the environment or harm to man or animal or for lack of performance of the remedy concerned, due to failure of the user to follow the label instructions or to the occurrence of conditions, which could not have been foreseen in terms of the registration. Consult the supplier in event of any uncertainty.

PRECAUTIONS

- Do not inhale the spray mist or spray fumes.
- Wear a face shield and rubber gloves when handling and preparing the product, and when applying the spray mixture.
- Avoid skin and eye contact.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke while mixing and applying or before washing hands and face or change of clothing.
- Wash with soap and water immediately after use and accidental skin contact.
- Wash contaminated clothing after use.

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- In case of contact with eyes, immediately flush the eyes with clean, gently flowing lukewarm water or saline solution for 20 minutes, holding the eyelid(s) open. If irritation persists, seek medical advice.
- Prevent drift of spray onto other crops, grazing, rivers, dams or areas not under treatment as this may cause serious crop damage.
- Direct or spray drift contact by **SLASH PLUS 540 SL** onto leaves and/or immature bark of desired plants can result in serious localised or translocated damage.
- Clean application equipment after use and do not dispose of wash water where it can contaminate other crops, grazing, boreholes, rivers or dams.
- TRIPLE RINSE empty containers in the following manner: Invert the empty container over the spray or
 mixing tank and allow draining for at least 30 seconds after the flow has slowed down to a drip.
 Thereafter rinse the container three times with a volume of water equal to a minimum of 10 % of that of
 the container. Add the rinsing to the contents of the spray tank before destroying the container in the
 prescribed manner.
- Destroy the container by perforation and flattening and dispose of it in a safe way.
- **Do not** re-use the empty container for any other purpose.
- Prevent contamination of food, feeds, drinking water and eating utensils.
- Do not add foliar fertilisers to SLASH PLUS 540 SL.

RESISTANCE WARNING

SLASH PLUS 540 SL is a group code G9 herbicide. Any weed population may contain individuals naturally resistant to **SLASH PLUS 540 SL** and other group code G9 herbicides. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds may not be controlled by **SLASH PLUS 540 SL** or any other group code G9 herbicide. To delay herbicide resistance:

- avoid exclusive repeated use of herbicides from the same herbicide group code. Alternate or tank mix with products from different herbicide group codes,
- integrate other control methods (chemical, cultural, biological) into weed control programmes.

WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

- Inconsistent control of certain grass populations and other weeds such as *Lolium* species, *Phalaris* species, *Avena* species (reported known resistance), *Chenopodium* species (plants with waxy leaves), *Conyza bonariensis* (Flax-leaf fleabane), *Commelina benghalensis* (Benghal wandering Jew), *Ipomoea* species (natural resistance) occur, due to resistance against **Glyphosate**.
- Some populations might be resistant to products containing the aryloxyphenoxy propionates, cyclohexanediones and sulfonylureas, but might also have resistance against the Glyphosate-containing products, e.g. SLASH PLUS 540 SL.
- Due to the fact that these resistance populations vary in size and localities and are difficult to ascertain, it is essential that each land must be inspected annually to identify possible resistance early.
- If the above-mentioned preventative measures are not strictly adhered to, the registration holder cannot be held responsible for the failure of **SLASH PLUS 540 SL** to control resistant weeds.

For specific information on resistance management contact the registration holder of this product.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE: Use only as directed.

General information and Use Restrictions: NOTES

- Use of SLASH PLUS 540 SL according to label instructions should result in normal development
 and growth of Glyphosate tolerant soybean or Glyphosate tolerant maize varieties. Various
 environmental conditions, agronomic practices and other diverse factors make it impossible to
 eliminate all risks associated with this product, even when applications are done according to
 label specifications. In certain cases, these factors can result in unforeseen results including
 yield loss.
- SLASH PLUS 540 SL must only be used for post-emergence, over the top or directed application
 on to genetically improved soybean maize varieties that have been developed as containing the
 Pioneer Glyphosate tolerant gene. Severe crop injury or total killing of the maize or soybean
 crop will result if any variety or hybrid, not properly indicated as containing the Glyphosate
 tolerant gene, is sprayed with this product.

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- Herbicidal action of SLASH PLUS 540 SL may become visible from five (5) days after application depending on weed species, growth stage and environmental conditions.
- Apply SLASH PLUS 540 SL post-emergence on to vigorously growing weeds, directed to the foliage
 and immature bark. For difficult to control perennial weeds, application in autumn is recommended
 when weeds are actively translocating nutrients into their roots, bulbs, rhizomes and stolons. Any regrowth should be spot sprayed.
- Do not spray whilst weeds are wet, dormant or under stress nor when covered in a layer of dust or when damaged by frost.
- Application with low volume sprayers (e.g. self-drive "high boy" sprayers) at high speeds (> 10 km per hour) may produce dust clouds that will affect the activity of the active ingredient adversely due to adsorption onto dust particles on the weeds' leaf surfaces.
- SLASH PLUS 540 SL is rain fast within one (1) hour after application. Rain or irrigation within 1 hour after application can have an adverse effect on efficacy.
- Allow 6 hours after application before planting operation.
- In mixed weed situations (annuals in amongst problem perennials), control annuals by mowing or chemical control. Wait for vigorous re-growth of perennials and then spray or spot spray re-growth.
- When SLASH PLUS 540 SL is used in conjunction with any other agricultural remedy, adhere to all WARNINGS, PRECAUTIONS and DIRECTIONS FOR USE mentioned on that label.
- There are no crop rotation restrictions following application of this product.

Mixing instructions:

- Always use clean water. Avoid the use of brackish or muddy water, or water with a high colloid content derived from soils high in organic matter.
- Analysis of the water source is recommended to confirm the levels of sodium, calcium and magnesium salts, as well as carbonate and bicarbonate fractions, as too high levels of these compounds may cause antagonism with the Glyphosate active ingredient.
- For hard and brackish water correction, add **Velocity-Glifo**, **Velocity-Dry**, **ATP Amsul-50** or **Amsul-Dry** ammonium sulphate to the spray water before adding **SLASH PLUS 540 SL**.
- Add the Ammonium sulphate to the water first; then add the SLASH PLUS 540 SL, followed by the recommended tank mixture product.
- Ensure agitation during mixing and spraying.

Compatibility:

- SLASH PLUS 540 SL can be tank mixed with Premium 840 EC/Leap 840 EC, ALACHLOR 480 CS (L 7674), Astron 480 SC/Cantron 480 SC, Metolachlor 960 EC/Platinum 960 EC, Metolachlor 915EC/Platinum Plus 915 EC, Premium 900 EC/Acetochlor 900 EC, 2,4-D Amine 480 SL, Halo 750 WDG/Crown 750 WDG, MCPA 400 SL, Terbucide 600 WDG/Terbuweed 600 WDG, ELEGANCE 500 WP (L 7035), Flumetsulam 800 WDG/Laurel 800 WDG and Villa 51. Ensure compatibility by preparing a small scale test mixture before a large scale field application. Observe all label recommendations.
- SLASH PLUS 540 SL can also be tank mixed with ammonium sulphate adjuvants, e.g. Velocity-Glifo, Velocity-Dry, ATP Amsul-50 or Amsul-Dry.
- Do not use in tank mixtures with SC formulations, except Astron 480 SC/Cantron 480 SC.

Surfactants / Additives:

- For optimum results, a minimum of 1.0 % **SLASH PLUS 540 SL** concentration in the total spray volume is recommended. Where the application is based on a percentage solution rather than a dosage per hectare rate, apply as a full cover application (but not to the point of run-off).
- For improved control of Wandering Jew, Field bind weed, Morning glory and Common purslane, SLASH PLUS 540 SL can be mixed with 2,4-D Amine 480 SL or MCPA 400 SL at a maximum of 500 mℓ per hectare. Do not add a buffering agent when preparing tank mixtures with any of these 2 products.
- Always add ammonium sulphate (e.g. Velocity Glifo / Velocity Dry) to the spray mixture.

Application information:

- Correctly calibrate all sprayers under field conditions and ensure that the spraying equipment is in good working order.
- Apply **SLASH PLUS 540 SL** at a maximum volume rate of 200 litres spray mixture per hectare. Where the volume rate is less than 120 litres per, the application must be done with purpose designed low volume spray equipment (e.g. self-drive "high boy" sprayers).

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- The application speed of low volume sprayers must not exceed 25 km per hour on an even soil bed.
 Where the soil bed is more uneven (e.g. due to clods) a maximum application speed of 15 km per hour
 must be used.
- Ensure that the spray equipment is clean and free of rust, dust and sediment from other chemicals.
- In situations where drift may be hazardous, use low pressures of 100 to 200 kPa or low drift nozzles or add a drift retardant adjuvant when spraying.
- Do not spray when wind speed exceeds 10 km per hour.
- Ensure a fine (**NOT** a mist spray), even droplet distribution and thorough coverage of the target weeds.
- Thoroughly clean the entire sprayer after application.

CROP RECOMMENDATIONS

1. GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT CROPS

1.1 Glyphosate tolerant maize:

• Broadcast (over the top) application:

Broadcast application of SLASH PLUS 540 SL can only be done after the ground cracking stage up to the V8 stage (V8 stage = when the first plants in the field have 8 leaves with closed collars around the main stem; however, the actual number of leaves may be more). Do not apply broadcast applications if the spray equipment will cause mechanical crop damage. Broadcast application after the V8 stage may cause yield loss or delayed maturity. Flat fan or twin jet nozzles, suitable for low water volume deliveries, are recommended. If follow-up applications are required to control specific weed species, e.g. *Cyperus esculentus*, the second application should not be made within 10 days of the first application. If the maize has grown beyond the V8 stage at this time, a directed follow-up application will be necessary (refer below).

Directed application:

Directed **SLASH PLUS 540 SL** applications can be made after the V8 stage, if row spacing permits the movement of the sprayer without causing mechanical damage to the crop. Row spacing of 1.5 and 2.1 metres are recommended for conventional tractor mounted spray rigs.

For the control of certain broadleaf weeds mentioned above, **SLASH PLUS 540 SL** can be mixed with either **2,4-D Amine 480 SL** or **MCPA 400 SL** at 0.5 litre per hectare. Refer to the **2,4-D Amine 480 SL** or **MCPA 400 SL** labels for "**USE RESTRICTIONS**".

1.2 Glyphosate tolerant soybeans (broadcast application):

SLASH PLUS 540 SL may be applied post-emergent to **Glyphosate tolerant** soybeans from the ground cracking stage through to flowering. Allow a minimum of 2 weeks between application and harvest of the crop. Do not exceed the following **SLASH PLUS 540 SL** application volumes per hectare:

Cumulative total per season for all applications:
 Pre-plant, pre-emergent applications:
 Total in-crop applications from cracking to flowering:
 Maximum pre-harvest application rate:
 6.7 litres per hectare
 4.7 litres per hectare
 1.3 litres per hectare

Refer recommendations under "APPLICATION DOSAGES".

1.3 Application Dosages:

Weed spectra in crops are variable according to region, soil type and climatic factors that change seasonally. Therefore, varied and uneven emergence of various weed species may occur at any specific site, where one or more species may dominate. The dosages recommended, aim to cover a broad spectrum of weeds if they are sprayed before upright growing weeds reach 10 cm in height (e.g. Khaki weed), or flat growing weeds reach the 6 to 8 leaf stage (e.g. Common purslane).

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Table 1.

Crop & Weed type	Dosage rate	Stage of weed growth		
Glyphosate tolerant Maize & Soybeans: General post emergence weed control				
Annual grasses and broad leaf	1.3 <i>∥</i> ha	Apply before 100 mm height or 8-leaf stage.		
weeds:	1.7 <i>∉</i> /ha	Apply between 100 and 200 mm or up to the 12-leaf stage.		
Difficult to control species requiring a follow-up spray (variable control*): Wandering Jew* Commelina benghalensis Morning glory* Ipomoea purpurea Common purslane* Portulaca oleracea Devil's thorn Tribulus terrestris	2.0 <i>∉</i> ha	Apply at the 3-leaf stage; follow up with 2.0 litres per hectare 10 to 20 days later. Apply at the 4- to 5- leaf stage; follow up with 2.0 litres per hectare 10 to 20 days later. Apply before flowering. Apply before first flowers appear.		
Difficult to control biennial and perennial weed species: Yellow nutsedge (Cyperus esculentus)	2.0 <i>∥</i> ha	Apply at the 3- to 4-leaf stage follow up with 2.0 litres per hectare, 10 to 20 days later.		
Conyza spp.		Apply before 8-leaf stage.		

Glyphosate tolerant Maize only:

Improved residual control of broadleaf weeds.

Above-mentioned **General post-emergence weed control** dosage rates **PLUS** 0.8 to 1.6 kg per hectare **Terbucide 600 WDG**.

Consult the **Terbucide 600 WDG** label for **WARNINGS**, **PRECAUTIONS**, **USE RESTRICTIONS** and **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**.

Improved control of Yellow nutsedge and certain broadleaf weeds.

Above-mentioned **General post-emergence weed control** dosage rates **PLUS** 50 grams per hectare **Crown 750 WDG**.

Consult the **Crown 750 WDG** label for **WARNINGS**, **PRECAUTIONS**, **USE RESTRICTIONS** and **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**.

Glyphosate tolerant Soybeans only:

Improved control of Yellow nutsedge and certain broadleaf weeds.

Above-mentioned **General post-emergence weed control** dosage rates **PLUS** 18 g per hectare **Elegance 500 WP**.

Consult the **Elegance 500 WP** label for **WARNINGS, PRECAUTIONS, USE RESTRICTIONS** and **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**.

Improved residual control of various broadleaf weeds.

Above-mentioned **General post-emergence weed control** dosage rates **PLUS** 18 to 36 grams per hectare **Flumetsulam 800 WDG**, as per recommended soil type.

Consult the **Flumetsulam 800 WDG** label for **WARNINGS**, **PRECAUTIONS**, **USE RESTRICTIONS** and **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**.

<u>NOTE</u>

Carefully read "Broadcast" and "Directed application" above for application spray instructions in maize.

The following weed species will NOT be controlled at these recommended rates:

Cynodon dactylon - Common quick grass Convolvulus arvensis - Field bind weed Oenothera stricta - Evening primrose Panicum maximum - Common buffalo grass Paspalum spp. – Paspalum species

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1.4 <u>Pre- and post-emergence tank mixture combinations with SLASH PLUS 540 SL at planting in minimum / no-tillage practices in Maize:</u>

- SLASH PLUS 540 SL may be tank mixed with Premium 840 EC, Metolachlor 800 EC or Metolachlor 915 EC or Alachlor 480 CS and with Astron 480 SC/Cantron 480 SC at planting for pre-emergence weed control.
- 2,4-D Amine 480 SL or MCPA 400 SL can be added to above-mentioned mixtures for improved control of certain difficult to control broadleaf weed species.
- Refer to **Table 1** above for **SLASH PLUS 540 SL** dosage rates. Use the higher dosage rate for more difficult weeds or higher weed pressure situations. Apply to young actively growing weeds.
- Follow the registration holder's recommendations on these labels, except **2,4-D Amine 480 SL** and **MCPA 400 SL**, where a maximum of 0.5 litres per hectare should be applied.
- Refer to the Premium 840 EC, Metolachlor 800 EC, Metolachlor 915 EC or Alachlor 480 CS and Astron 480 SC/Cantron 480 SC labels for USE RESTRICTIONS and DIRECTIONS FOR USE and weed species controlled.

1.5 Post-plant, post-emergence tank mixture combinations in GLYPHOSATE TOLERANT Maize:

- SLASH PLUS 540 SL may be tank mixed with Astron 480 SC/Cantron 480 SC plus Metolachlor 960 EC or Premium 900 EC or Alachlor 480 CS or 2,4-D Amine 480 SL or MCPA 400 SL for post-emergence weed control applications (before the V8-stage).
- This treatment can be applied as a stand-alone post-emergence application or as a follow up to a preemergence application of Astron 480 SC/Cantron 480 SC in tank mixture with Metolachlor 800 EC or Metolachlor 915 EC or Premium 840 EC, as indicated on the registered labels.
- Refer to **Table 1** above for **SLASH PLUS 540 SL** dosage rates. Use the higher dosage rate for more difficult weeds or higher weed pressure situations. Apply to young actively growing weeds.
- Follow the registration holder's recommendations on these labels, except **2,4-D Amine 480 SL** and **MCPA 400 SL**, where a maximum of 0.5 litres per hectare should be applied.
- Refer to the Astron 480 SC/Cantron 480 SC and Metolachlor 915 EC or Premium 900 EC or Alachlor 480 CS or 2,4-D Amine 480 SL or MCPA 400 SL labels for USE RESTRICTIONS and DIRECTIONS FOR USE and weed species controlled.

• IMPORTANT NOTES

- This tank mixture of SLASH PLUS 540 SL plus Astron 480 SC/Cantron 480 SC plus Metolachlor 960 EC or Premium 900 EC or Alachlor 480 CS or 2,4-D Amine 480 SL or MCPA 400 SL may only be applied on certified maize cultivars containing Glyphosate tolerant genetic material.
- SLASH PLUS 540 SL must NOT be tank mixed with products containing Atrazine.

1.6 <u>Improved consistency of Yellow nutsedge (*Cyperus esculentus*) control in Glyphosate tolerant maize with a tank mixture with Crown 750 WDG:</u>

- Apply 1.7 to 2 litres per hectare PLUS 50 g per hectare Crown 750 WDG.
- Add 2 % Velocity-Glifo and 0.05 % Villa 51 to the tank mixture.
- To obtain best results, apply Crown 750 WDG on actively growing Nutsedge under moist conditions 3
 to 5 weeks after planting, after the majority of the Nutsedges have germinated but before flowering.
 New germination of Nutsedge may occur if application was performed too early. Later applications when the Nutsedge is in flower, will also give suboptimal results.
- The optimal time of application is determined by the development stage of the Nutsedges. Broadleaf weeds, however, should not exceed the 4-leaf stage or 100 mm in height.
- Refer to the Crown 750 WDG label for USE RESTRICTIONS and DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

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2. PRE-PLANT APPLICATION OF SLASH PLUS 540 SL IN CEREALS IN WINTER RAINFALL AREA

Table 2.

SLASH PLUS 540 SL				
0.7 to 1.3 (ha OR 1.0 % solution	1.5 ℓ/ha OR 1.5 % solution			
1 to 8-leaf	8-leaf to pre-flower			
Arctotheca calendula	Cape marigold			
Avena spp.	Wild oats			
Bromus diandrus	Ripgut brome			
Chenopodium album	White goosefoot			
Conyza floribunda*	Tall fleabane			
Erodium moschatum	Musk heron's bill			
Hypochoeris radicata	Hairy wild lettuce			
Lolium spp.*	Ryegrass			
Medicago polymorpha	Clover			
Raphanus raphanistrum	Wild radish			
Sonchus oleraceus	Sow thistle			

Difficult to control / variably controlled annual weeds:

- Inconsistant control of certain difficult to control species (refer also "WEED RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT") may be experienced. Avoid resistance by alternating the use of SLASH PLUS 540 SL with products from different chemical classes (refer to "RESISTANCE WARNING").
- * Inconsistent control and resistance may occur with Conyza & Lolium species.
- Use the higher dosage rate on difficult to control species or on established weeds.
- Add 0.5 litre per hectare maximum MCPA 400 SL or 2,4-D Amine 480 SL to control broadleaf weeds that are normally difficult to control.

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3. FORESTRY AND INDUSTRIAL WEED CONTROL

Table 3.1. Dosage rates for weed control in forestry.

		Dosage rate			
Situation	Weed species	t /ha	% Solution* (ℓ in 100 ℓ water)*	Spot spraying (t in 100 t water)**	Remarks
	Acacia mearnsii (Black wattle)	2.0	0.8	1.0 to 1.3	Apply to young trees from 0.1 to 1.5 m high. Apply the lower dosage rate on trees up to 1.0 m height.
Maintenance weed control in established forests	Solanum mauritianum (Bugweed)	1.3	0.5	1.0	Large trees: Cut to 50 cm, allow new growth of at least 50 cm before application. Saplings: Apply directly to foliage.
	Rubus spp. (Bramble)	4.0	1.6	1.0	Cut and remove lush growth in winter. Apply when new growth is more than 0.5 m high. If re-growth occurs, spray with a 1.0 % solution.
Firebreaks Firebreaks Firebreaks Firebreaks preparation, either tracer belts or total area. Band preparation for tree seedlings Situations suitable for such treatments include: a) Virgin veld b) Clear felled forests	In both situations the weed population would include perennials and annuals. For some of the weeds controlled refer to the list under Industrial weed control.	2.8	1.2	1.5	A minimum of 250 litres spray mixture per hectare must be applied when using the 1.2 % solution. A follow-up treatment may be necessary to control some hardy perennials using a 1.5 % solution on a spot spray basis.
Eucalyptus	Single stem stumps	3.3 % solution			Apply a 50 mℓ solution to a clean cambium area immediately after felling.
grandis (Blue gum)	Multi-stem stumps	4.6 % solution			Apply a 100 m/ solution to a clean, fully exposed cambium layer immediately after felling. If re-growth occurs, spray with a 1.3 % solution.

^{*} Based on knapsack application delivering 250 litres spray mixture per hectare. Application of a % solution with a knapsack sprayer must be calibrated such that it will equal the delivery of the corresponding litres per hectare dosage rate.

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^{**} Where spot spraying is done using a percentage solution, apply as a full cover application (but not to the point of run-off).

Table 3.2. Dosage rates for Industrial weed control.

	Common Dosage rate			
Botanical name	name	ℓ/ha	%	Remarks
D	7101710	V / 134	Solution**	
Perennial grasses: Cynodon dactylon	Common	4	1.6	Apply to vigorously growing plants in
	couch grass	4	1.0	summer or autumn when nutrients are
Cynodon nlemfuensis	East African grass	4	1.6	actively translocated to roots, rhizomes and stolons. Follow-up with 2.8 litres per hectare (a 1.7 % solution) if any re-growth occurs.
Pennisetum clandestinum	Kikuyu	2.8	1.2	Spray on active growth in summer. Spray re-growth with 2.0 litres per hectare or a 1.0 % solution.
Paspalum paspalodes	Couch Paspalum	4	1.6	Apply on active growing plants.
Paspalum dilatatum	Common Paspalum	4	1.6	Follow-up with half the recommended dosage rate if re-growth occurs.
Nutsedges:		I		
Cyperus esculentus	Yellow nutsedge	4	4	Apply during flowering stage. Spray re-growth with 2.0 litres per hectare
Cyperus rotundus	Purple nutsedge	4	4	or a 1.0 % solution.
Annual broadleaf we		I	l	
Amaranthus	Cape	[[
hybridus	pigweed			
Amaranthus	Thorny			
spinosus	pigweed			
Argemone	White			
subfusiformis	flowered			
	mexican			Lice 2.9 litros per hectore (a.1.0.9/ colution)
D' le ce l'altre de	poppy			Use 2.8 litres per hectare (a 1.0 % solution) when weeds are in the early growth stages.
Bidens bipinnata	Spanish			when weeds are in the early growth stages.
Didono nilogo	black jack			Use 3.5 litres per hectare (a 1.4 % solution)
Bidens pilosa Chenopodium	Black jack White			when weeds are in the early flowering
album	goosefoot			stage.
Conyza floribunda*	Tall fleabane	2.8 to 4	1.0 to 1.6	-
Datura ferox	Large thorn	-		Use 4.0 litres per hectare (a 1.6 % solution)
Datula IGIOX	apple			when weeds are in the seeding stage, but
Datura stramonium	Thorn apple			still actively growing.
Oxalis pes-caprae	Yellow sorrel	1		Do not apply on to matured weeds that are
Polygonum	Prostrate	1		in a stage of desiccation.
aviculare	knotweed			in a stage of desiredition.
Richardia	Tropical			
brasiliensis	richardia			
Senecio ilicifolius	Ragwort			
Schkuhria pinnata	Dwarf			
	marigold			
Tagetes minuta	Khaki weed			ariable necessitating a follow-up application

^{*} Even at higher rates, the control of *Conyza* species may be variable, necessitating a follow-up application.

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^{**} Based on knapsack application delivering 250 litres spray mixture per hectare. Application of a % solution with a knapsack sprayer must be calibrated such that it will be equal to the corresponding litres per hectare dosage rate (NOTE - where spot spraying is done, using a percentage solution, apply as a full cover application (but not to the point of run-off).

4. WEED CONTROL IN GRAPE VINES

<u>Table 4.</u> Dosage rates for weed control in grape vines.

Crop	Dosage rates	Remarks
	1.0 <i>∥</i> ha	Early winter: (Weeds under 15 cm height).
	PLUS	Not for Small mallow (<i>Malva parviflora</i>), Cape marigold (<i>Arctotheca calendula</i>), Oat seed grass (<i>Erharta</i> spp.), Blue
Grape	3.0 <i>d</i> ha MCPA 400 SL	echium (<i>Echium vulgare</i>), Ryegrass (<i>Lolium</i> spp.), Sow thistle (<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>) and Brome spp. (<i>Bromus</i> spp.)
vines	1.3 <i>∥</i> ha	
4.0	PLUS	Late winter: (Weeds under 30 cm height). Use the higher rates for Bur clover (Medicago polymorpha), Prostrate knotweed (Polygonum aviculare) and Sheep
	4.0 <i>ℓ</i> /ha MCPA 400 SL	sorrel, (Rumex angiocarpus).

IMPORTANT

- Prevent contact of spray droplets/mist with leaves, green and young bark of stems as well as fruit.
- Allow 10 days after pruning, or the removal of low branches and/or suckers before spraying weeds.

The following products mentioned in this label may be replaced with the following equivalent products:

- PREMIUM 840 EC (L 8066) = LEAP 840 EC (L 8064 / N-AR 1103) = ARMANN SUPER 840 EC (L 8373).
- ASTRON 480 SC (L 8366) = CANTRON 480 SC (L 8365 / N-AR 1323) = CANON 480 SC (L 8735),
- METOLACHLOR 960 EC (L 7136 / W 130057 / N-AR 1362) = PLATINUM 960 EC (L 7434) = MAESTRO 960 EC (L 8129),
- METOLACHLOR 915EC (L 7841 / N-AR 1361) = PLATINUM PLUS 915 EC (L 7844 / N-AR 1105) = MAESTRO GOLD 915 EC (L 8249),
- METOLACHLOR 800 EC (L 7137) = METOLACHLOR 800 EC (L 7433) = MAESTRO PLUS 800 EC (L 8090).
- PREMIUM 900 EC (L 7637) = ACETOCHLOR 900 EC (L 7633 / N-AR 1101) = ARMANN 900 EC (L 8626).
- MCPA 400 SL (L 5795 / W 130452) = MCPA 400 SL (L 5793 / N-AR 1092),
- **2,4-D AMINE 480 SL** (L 4505 / W 130459 / N-AR 1096 = **AMINO 480 SL** (L 8034) = **2,4-D-AMINE SL** (L 8145),
- CROWN 750 WDG (L 8282) = HALO 750 WDG (L 8283 / N-AR 1337) = STRIGO 750 WDG (L 8671),
- **VELOCITY-GLIFO** (L 7768)/ W 130455 = **ATP AMSUL-50** (L 7721),
- VELOCITY-DRY (L 8330 / W 130056 / N-AR 1294) = ATP AMSUL-DRY (L 8329),
- VILLA 51 (L 8050 / W130454 / N-AR 1090) = WEN 51 (L 8315).
- TERBUCIDE 600 WDG (L 8799) = TERBUWEED 600 WDG (L 8800) = TERBUMAIS 600 WDG (L 8798) and
- FLUMETSULAM 800 WDG (L 8062) = LAUREL 800 WDG (L 8061 / N-AR 1339) = RAPIER 800 WDG (L 8494).

PREMIUM 840 EC, ASTRON 480 SC, METOLACHLOR 960 EC, METOLACHLOR 800 EC, PREMIUM 900 EC, MCPA 400 SL, 2,4-D AMINE 480 SL, TERBUCIDE 600 WDG, CROWN 750 WDG, ALACHLOR 480 CS, METOLACHLOR 915EC and/en FLUMETSULAM 800 WDG are registered products of / is geregistreerde produkte van UNIVERSAL CROP PROTECTION (PTY) LTD.

LEAP 840 EC, CANTRON 480 SC, PLATINUM 960 EC, METOLACHLOR 800 EC, ACETOCHLOR 900 EC, MCPA 400 SL, AMINO 480 SL, VELOCITY-GLIFO, VELOCITY-DRY, ELEGANCE 500 WP,

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TERBUWEED 600 WDG, HALO 750 WDG, VILLA 51, PLATINUM PLUS 915 EC, LAUREL 800 WDG and/en WEN 51 are registered products of / is geregistreerde produkte van VILLA CROP PROTECTION (PTY) LTD.

ATP AMSUL-50 and/en ATP AMSUL-DRY are registered products of / is geregistreerde produkte van APPLIED TECHNICAL PRODUCTS CC.

ARMANN SUPER 840 EC, CANON 480 SC, MAESTRO 960 EC, MAESTRO PLUS 800 EC, ARMANN 900 EC, 2,4-D AMINE SL, TERBUMAIS 600 EDG, RAPIER 800 WDG, STRIGO 750 WDG and/en MAESTRO GOLD 915 EC are registered products of / is geregistreerde produkte van CROPASURE (PTY) LTD.

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